



Journées Francophones
d'Imagerie Médicale

Thrombectomy : a European perspective

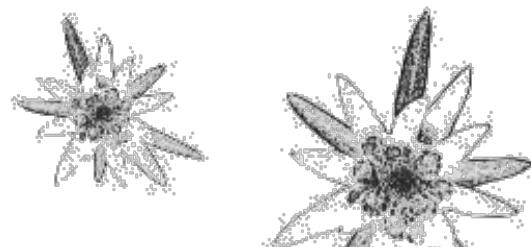
M. BRETZNER, R. HANAFI, N. BRICOUT, EL KHAMLI, F. BALA, N. NOURI,

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Stroke : a pandemic

Worldwide in 2016 :

- More than 13 million strokes
 - 9,5 million ischemic strokes
 - More than 5 million deaths

Global Burden of Disease Study 2016 (GBD 2016)

- 18 million ischemic stroke survivors

Feigin V.L – Neuroepidemiology 2015

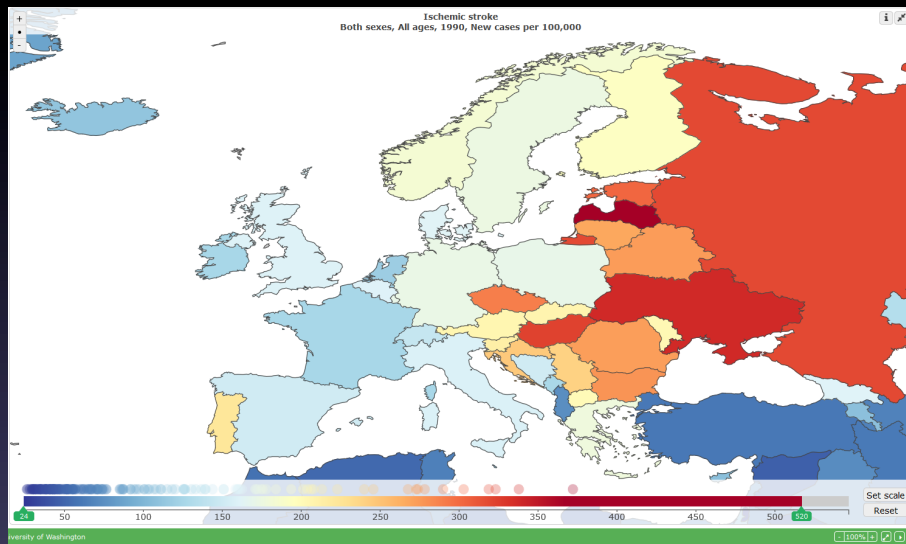
• Healthcare challenge :

- 1st cause of acquired disability in developed countries
- 3rd most common cause of death in developed countries

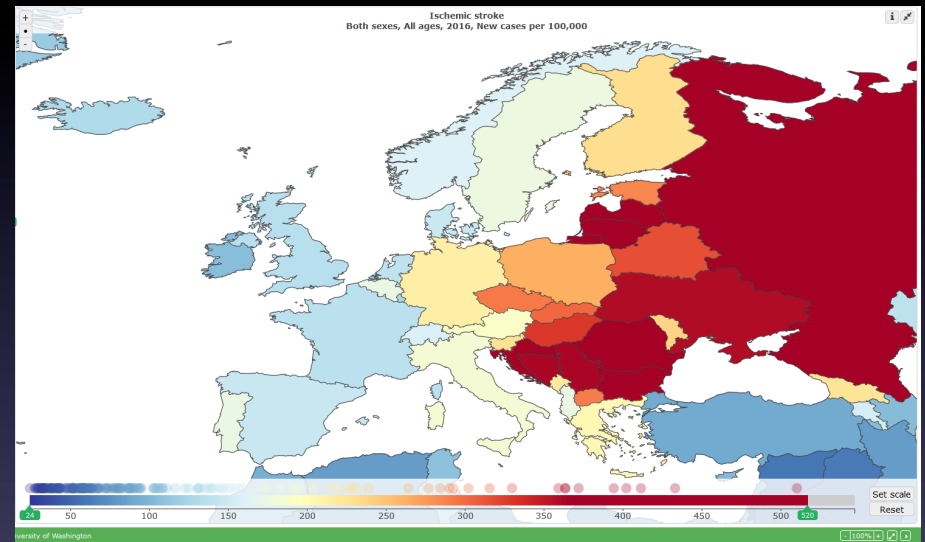
World Health Organization, 2012

What happened in 26 years

1990



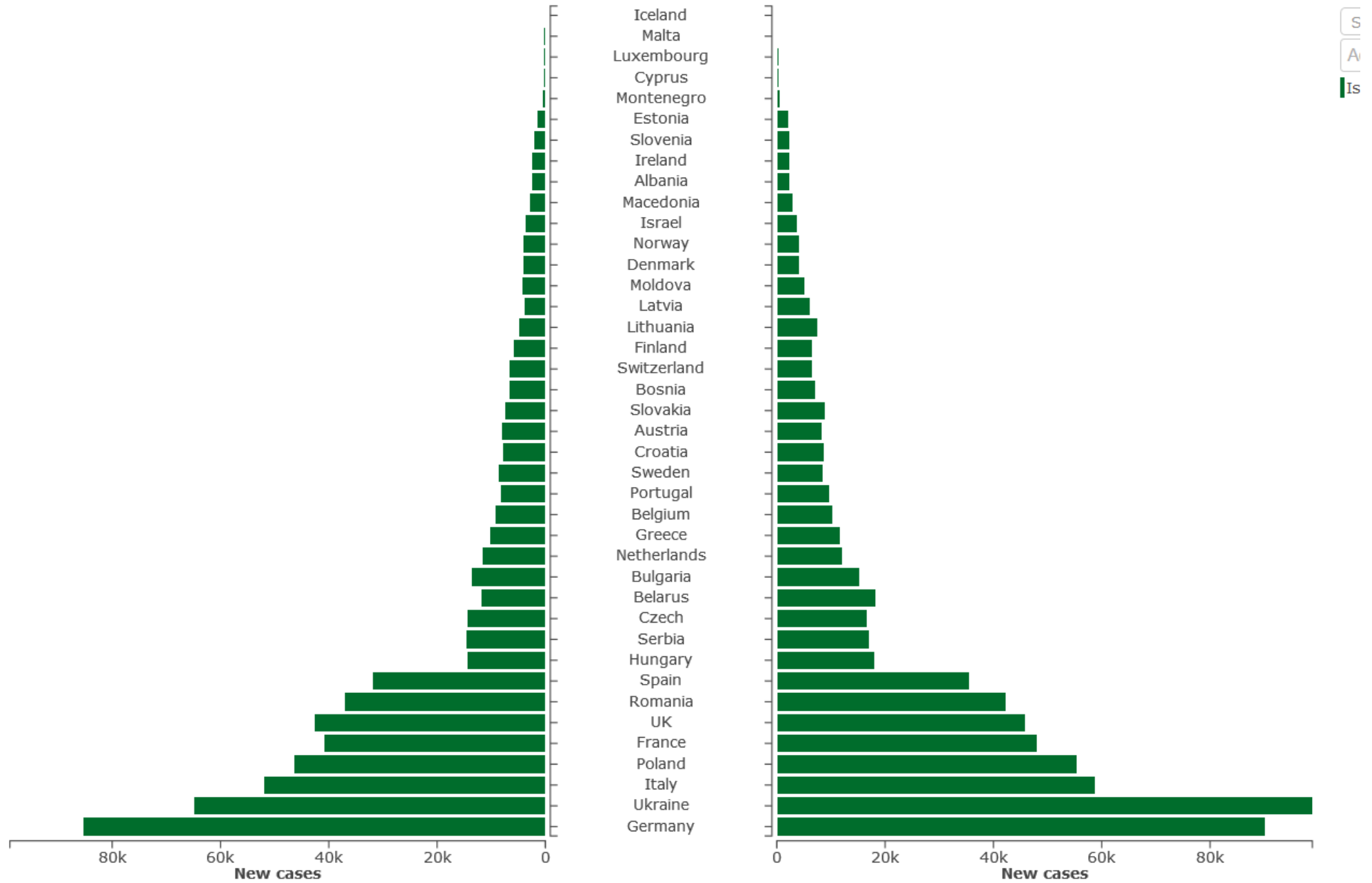
2016



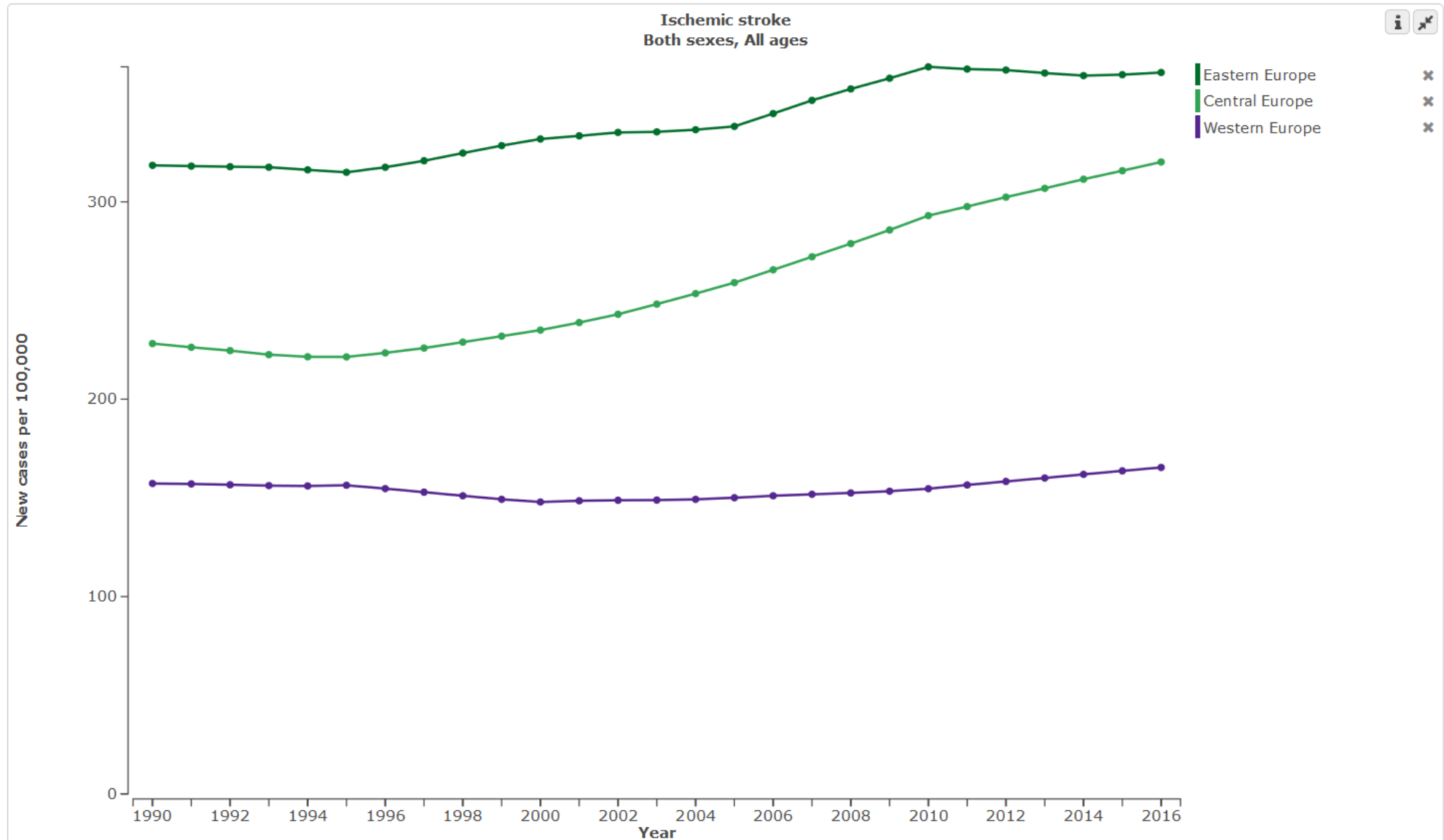
- Global stability of stroke incidence in Western Europe
- Increase in Central and Eastern Europe
- Increase in number of new stroke cases

Males, All ages, 2016

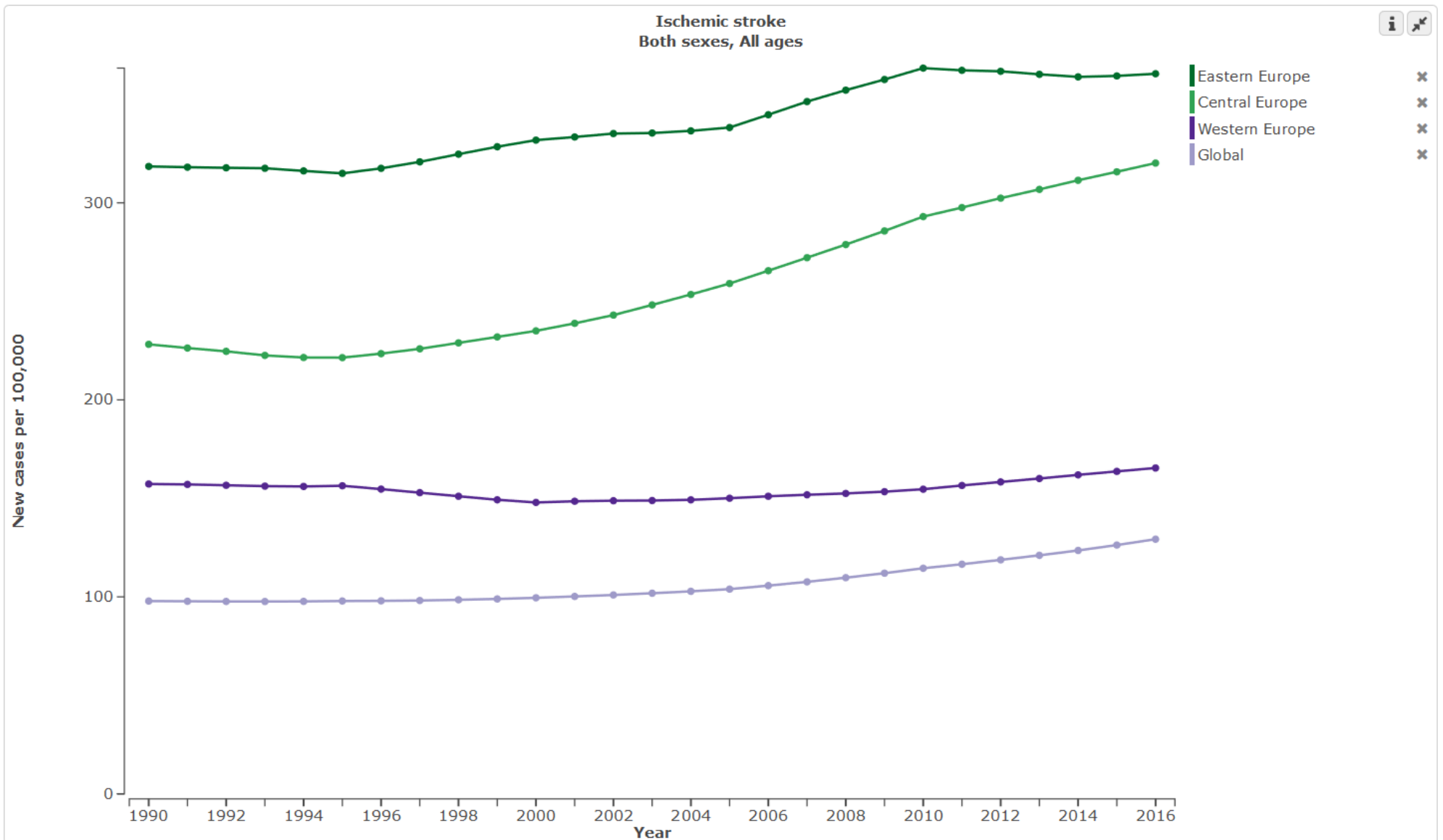
Females, All ages, 2016



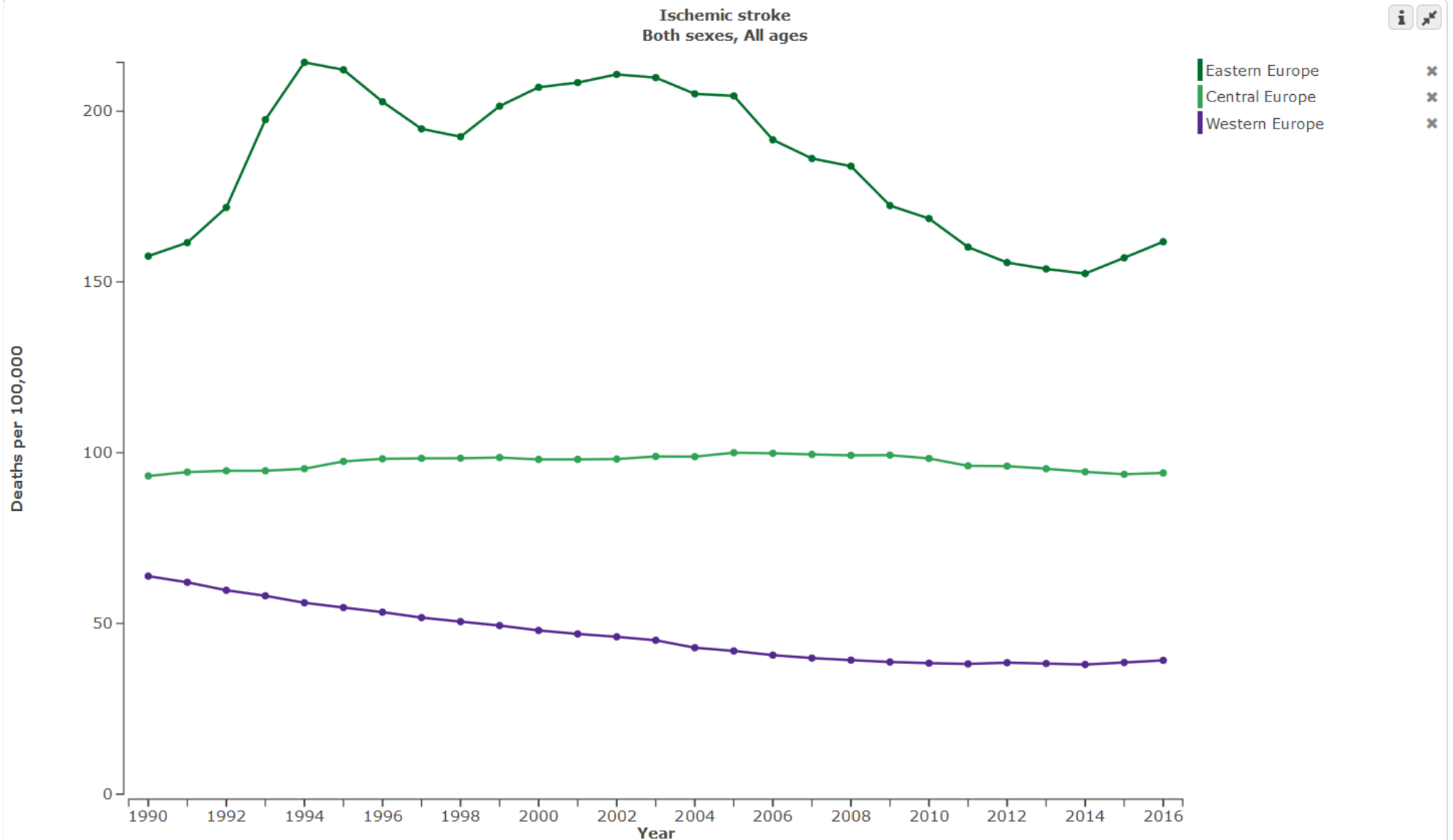
Eastern > Central > Western



But above global incidence !

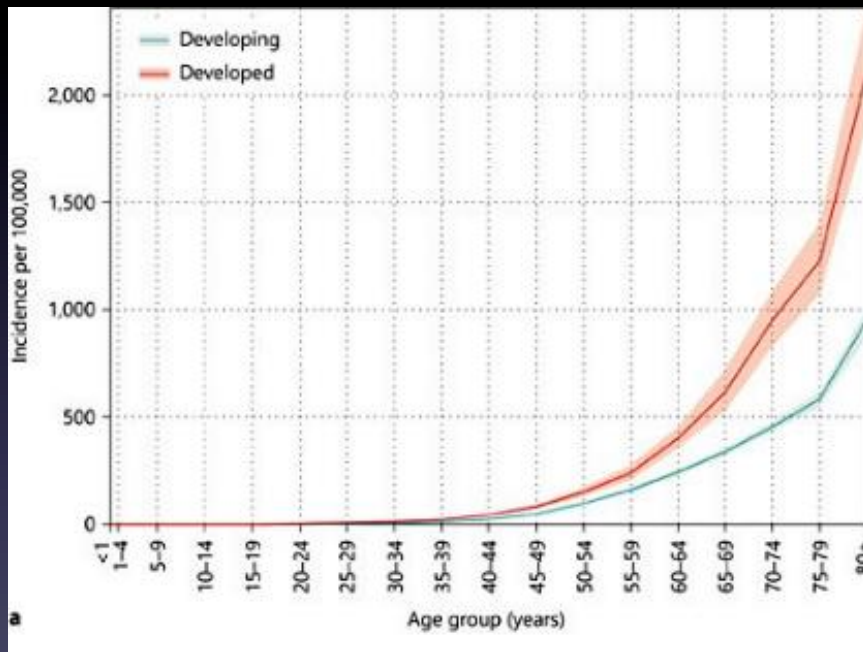


Mortality is decreasing in W.E.

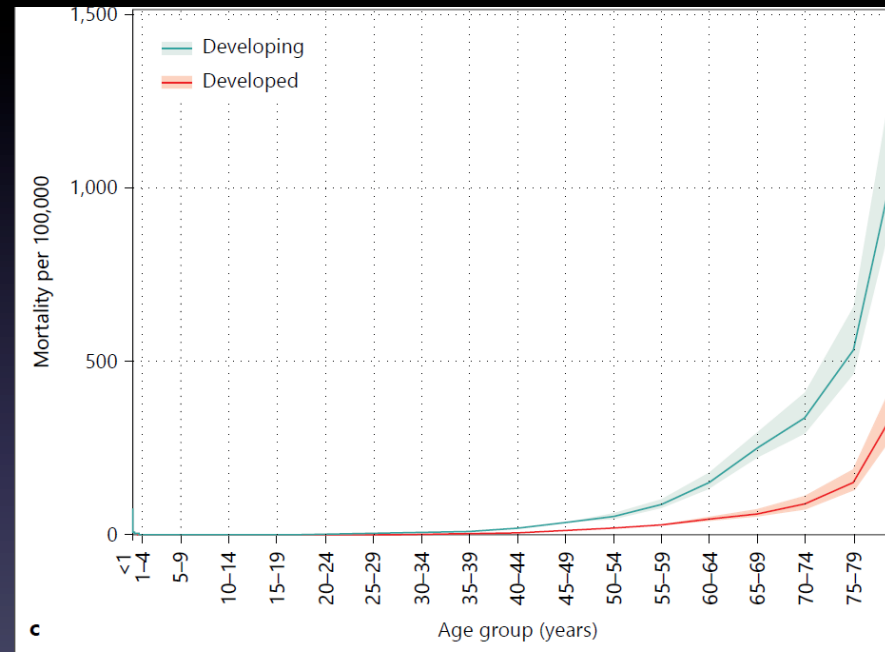


Developed and developing countries

Incidence

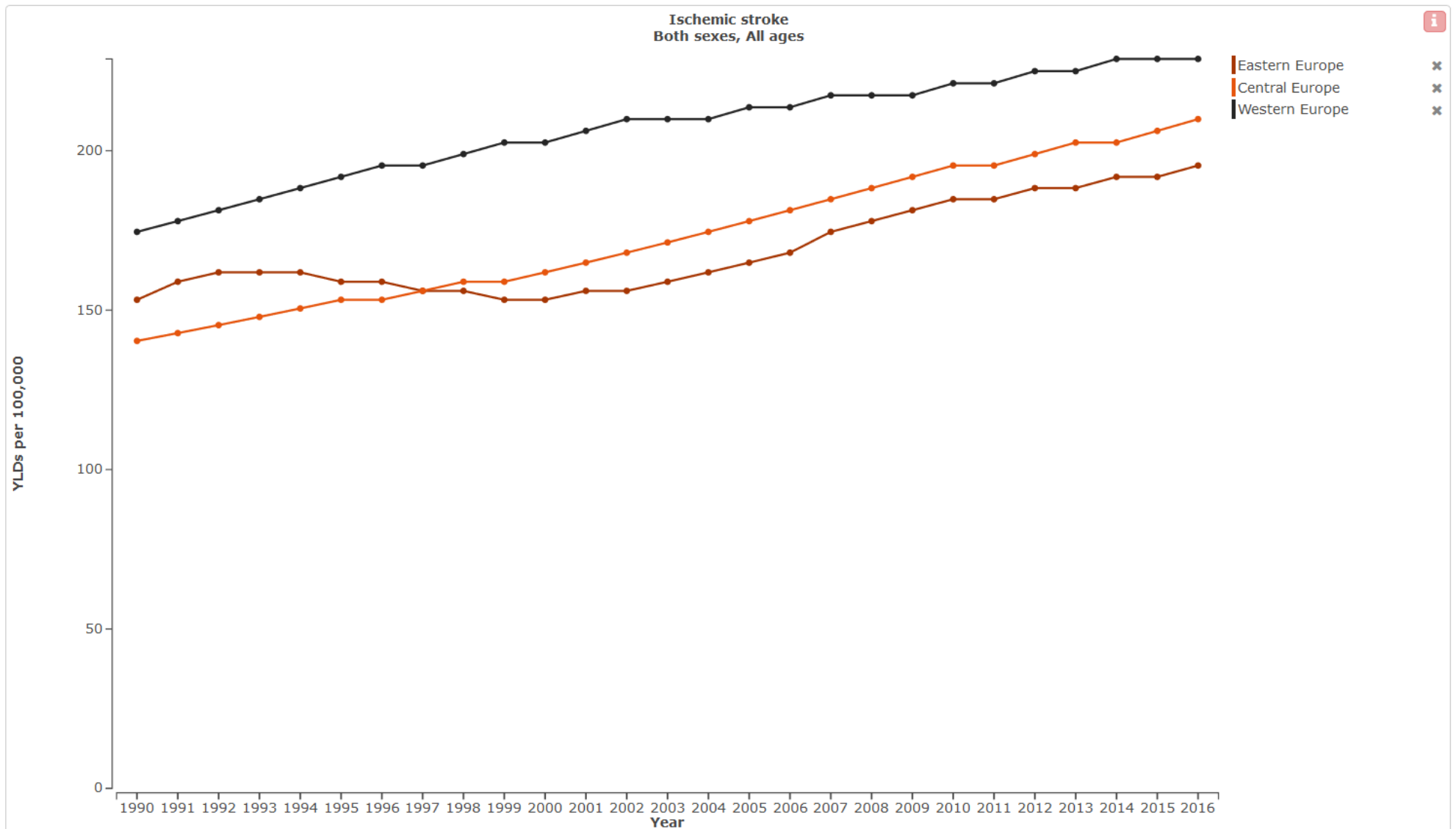


Mortality



Developed countries : more stroke and less mortality = more stroke survivors

Years lived with a disability



The human cost :

West – East gradient

*Systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study
2015. Lancet, 2016*

The economical cost :

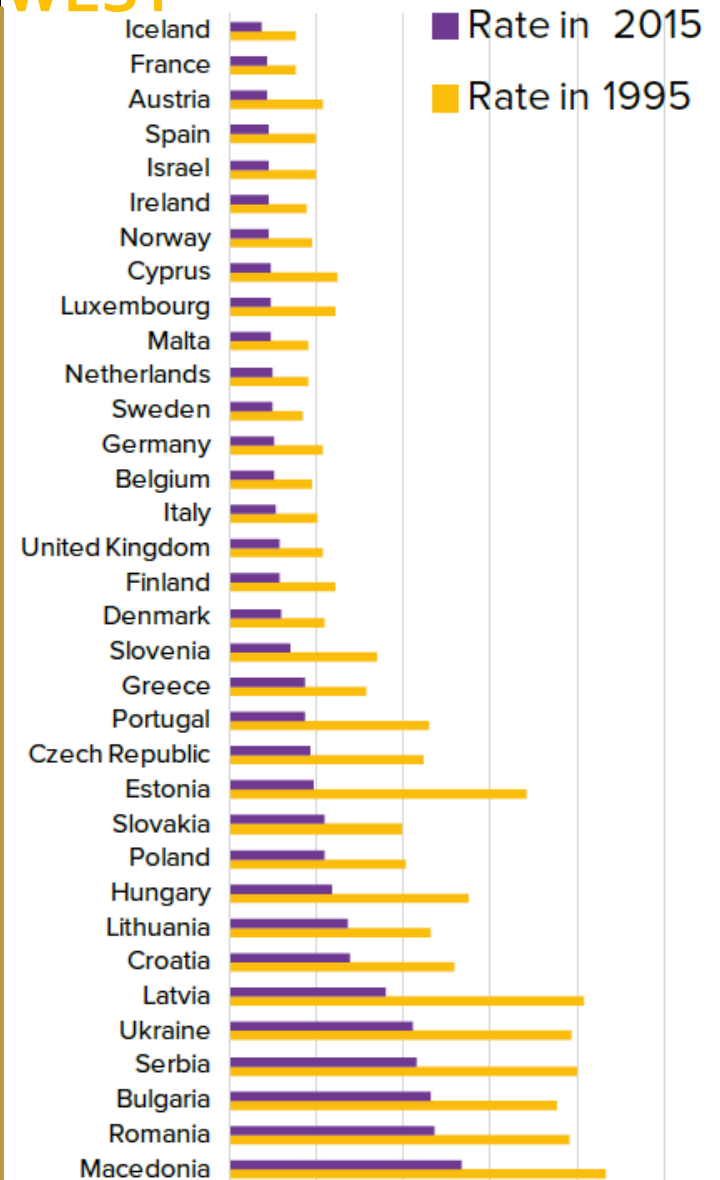
	€ thousands	% of total
Direct healthcare costs	€ 20,058,318	44%
Productivity loss due to mortality	€ 5,440,593	12%
Productivity loss due to morbidity	€ 3,983,874	9%
Informal care costs	€ 15,855,181	35%
Total	€ 45,337,965	

Stroke E.U. 2015 :
45 billions euros
20 billions euros direct to healthcare

*European cardiovascular disease statistics 2017
SAFE : The Burden of Stroke in Europe*

DALYs lost due to stroke per
100,000 inhabitants,
adjusted for age and sex,
in 1995 and 2015

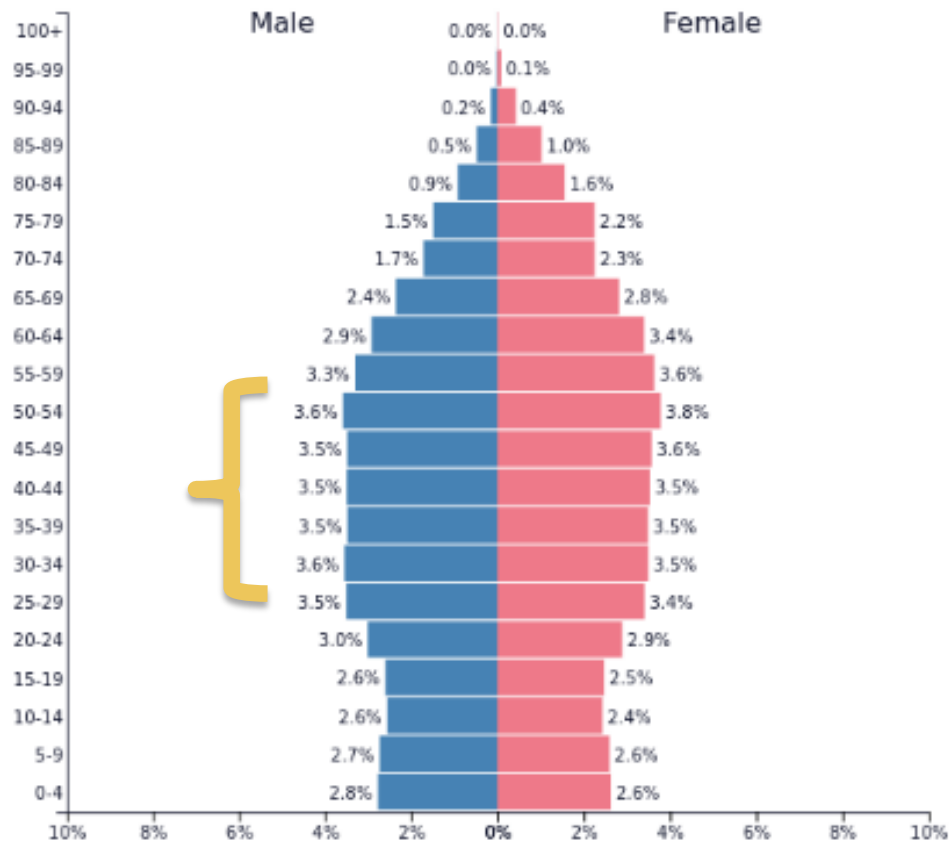
WEST



EAST

0 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000

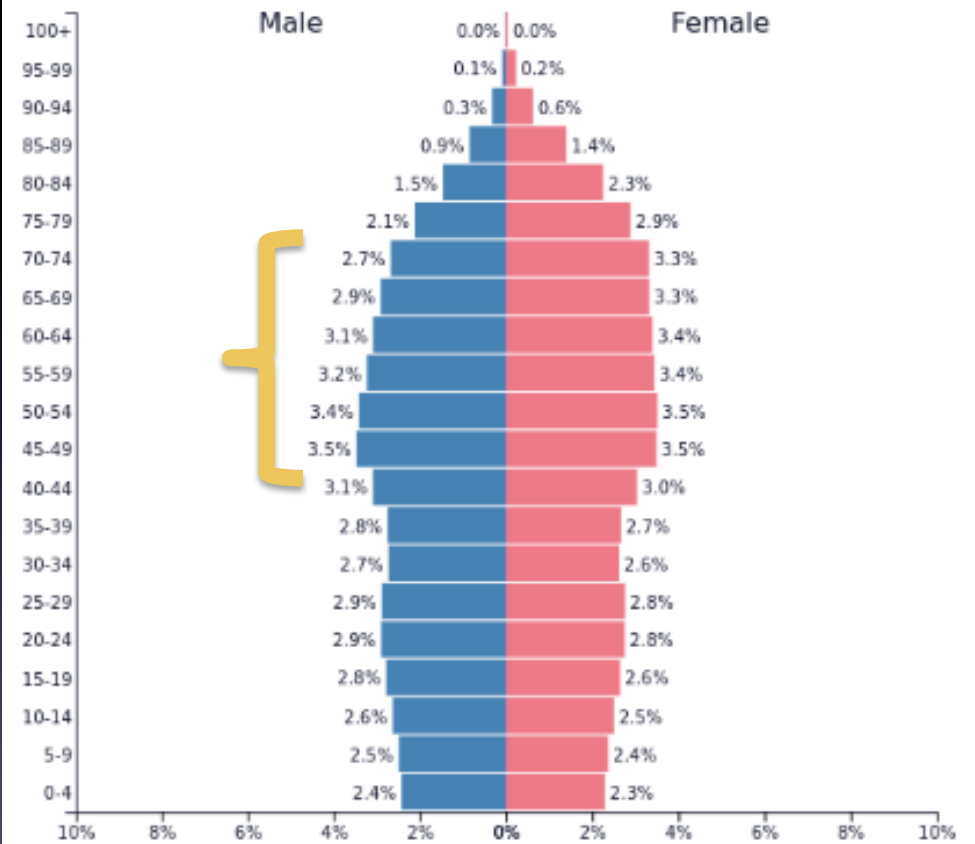
Aging population



PopulationPyramid.net

EUROPE - 2015
Population: 738,442,070

2015



PopulationPyramid.net

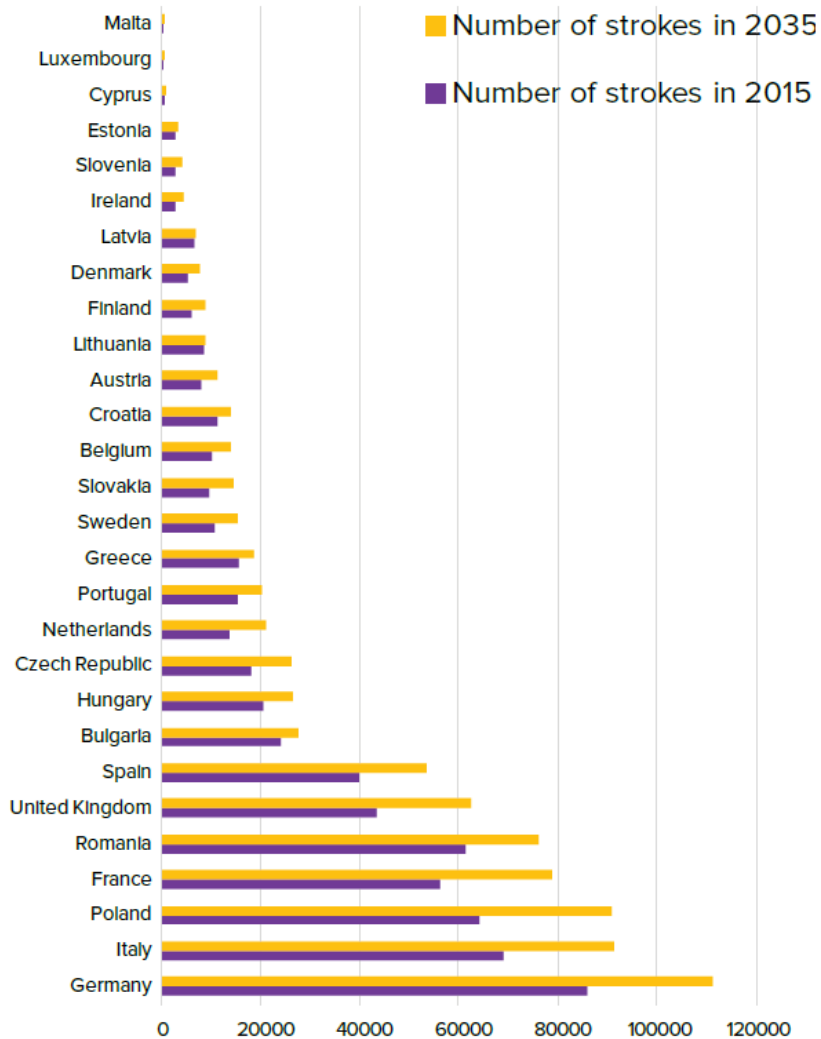
EUROPE - 2035
Population: 728,036,837

2035

Previsions in Europe

Estimated number of stroke events in 2015 and 2035 in EU member states

Estimated number of strokes in 2015 and 2035



2015

- 1,8 M. strokes
- 3 700 000 stroke survivors

2035

- 3 M. strokes
- 4 630 000 stroke survivors

Treat ?

Yes !

But how?

Treatment before 2015

Number of patients to treat for one functional independent patient :

Intravenous thrombolysis



2015 : the paradigm shift

The **NEW ENGLAND**

The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

7 randomised controlled trials :
Thombectomy + I.V. tpa > I.V. tpa

Ster

THE LANCET

[J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry](#). 2017 Jan;88(1):38-44. doi: 10.1136/jnnp-2016-314117. Epub 2016 Oct 18.

Endovascular therapy for acute ischaemic stroke: the Pragmatic Ischaemic Stroke Thrombectomy Evaluation (PISTE) randomised, controlled trial.

Symptom

Mechanical thrombectomy after intravenous alteplase versus alteplase alone after stroke (THRACE): a randomised controlled trial

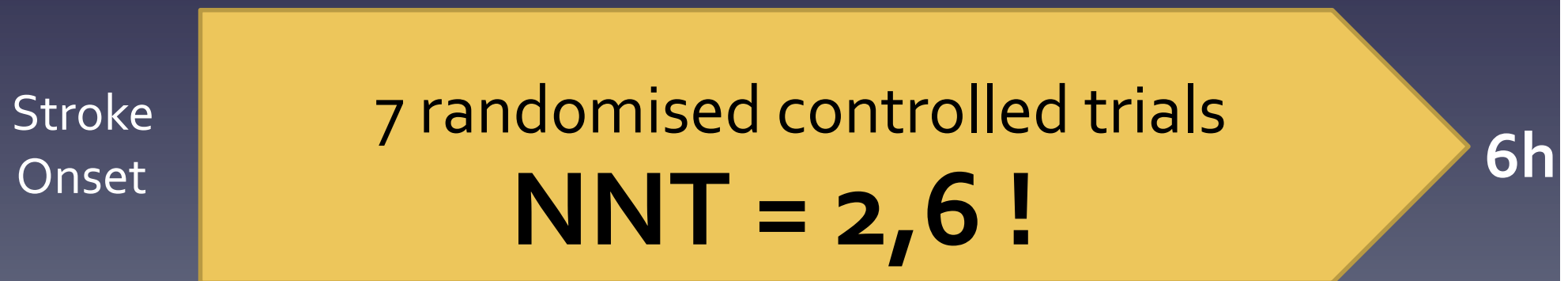


Treatment after 2017

Intravenous thrombolysis



Mechanical Thrombectomy



Recommendations

- Ischemic stroke
- large vessel occlusion
- Up to 6 hours after symptoms onset
 - +/- IV thrombolysis within the first 4,5 hours

Beyond the 6 hours window

The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Thrombectomy for Stroke at 6 to 16 Hours
with Selection by Perfusion Imaging

*The NEW ENGLAND
JOURNAL of MEDICINE*

ESTABLISHED IN 1812

JANUARY 4, 2018

VOL. 378 NO. 1

Thrombectomy 6 to 24 Hours after Stroke with a Mismatch
between Deficit and Infarct

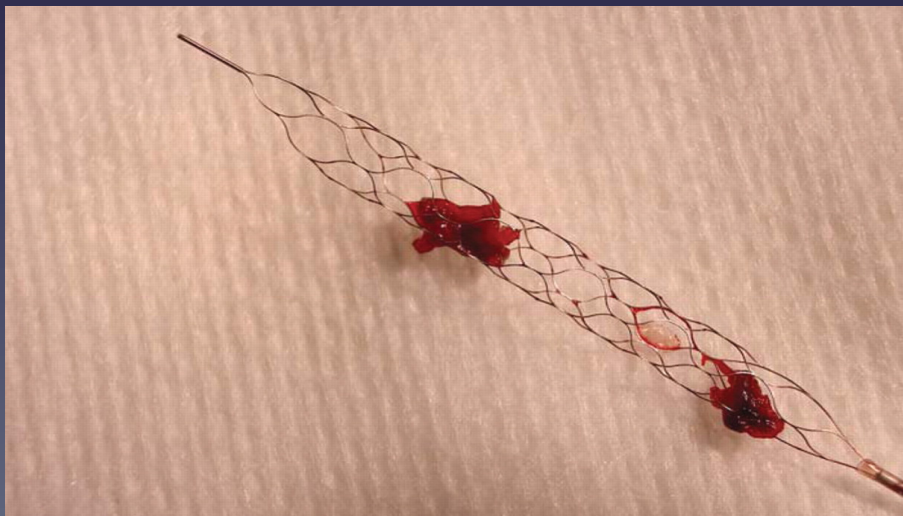
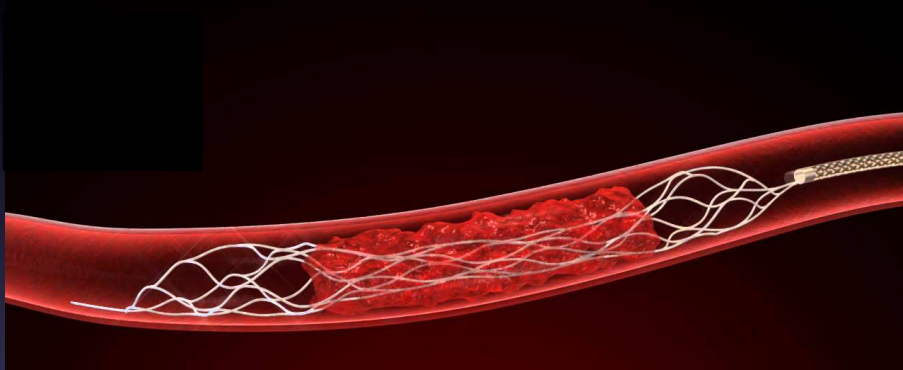
How to do it

- Biplane Angio suite
- Anesthesia : local or general
- Vascular access :
 - Arterial puncture (femoral, carotid or brachial)
 - Catheterism of supra aortic vessels
 - Angriography
 - Clot access using a micro-catheter



How to remove the clot?

- Stent retriever



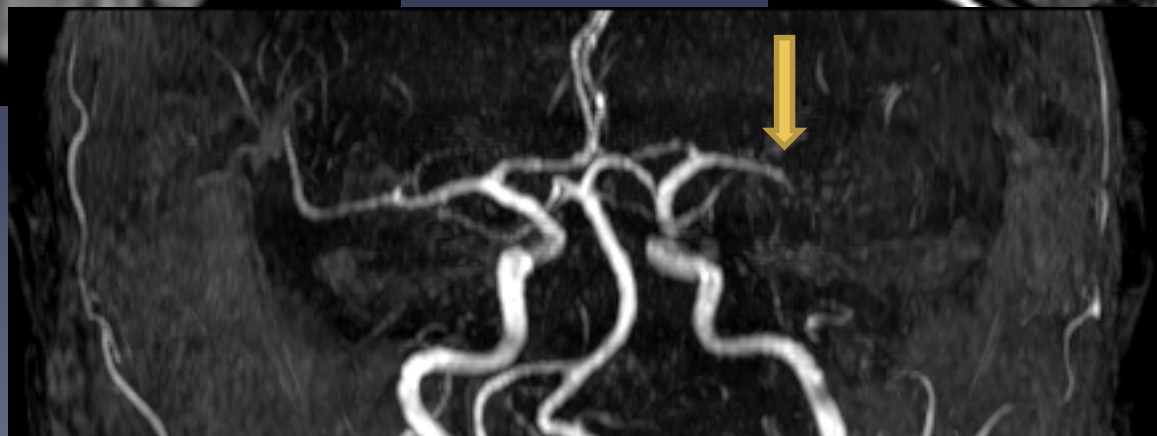
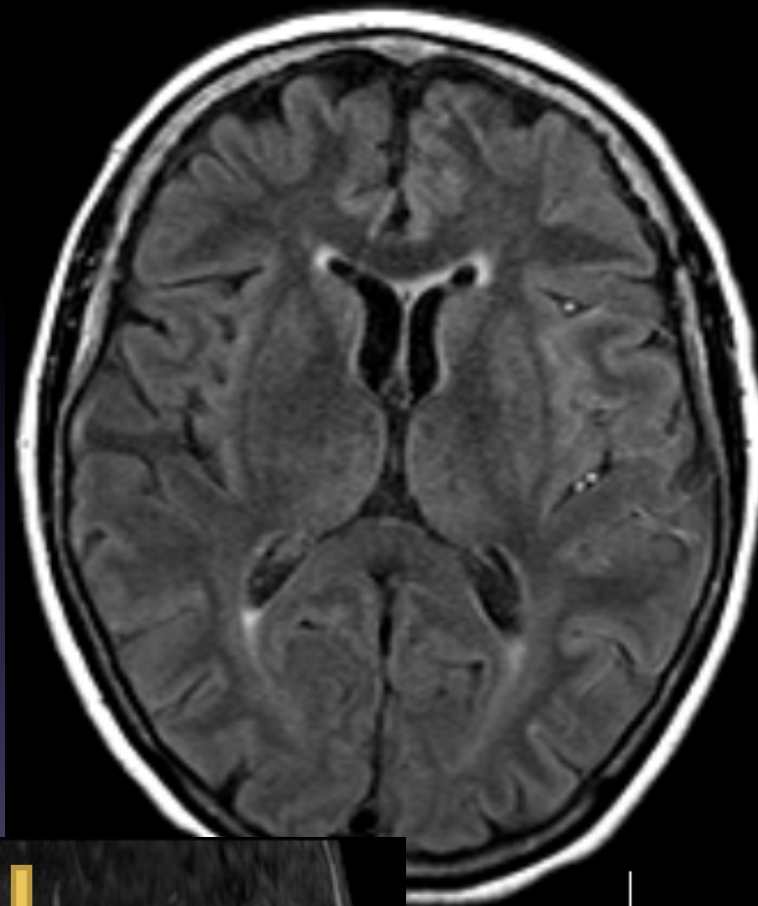
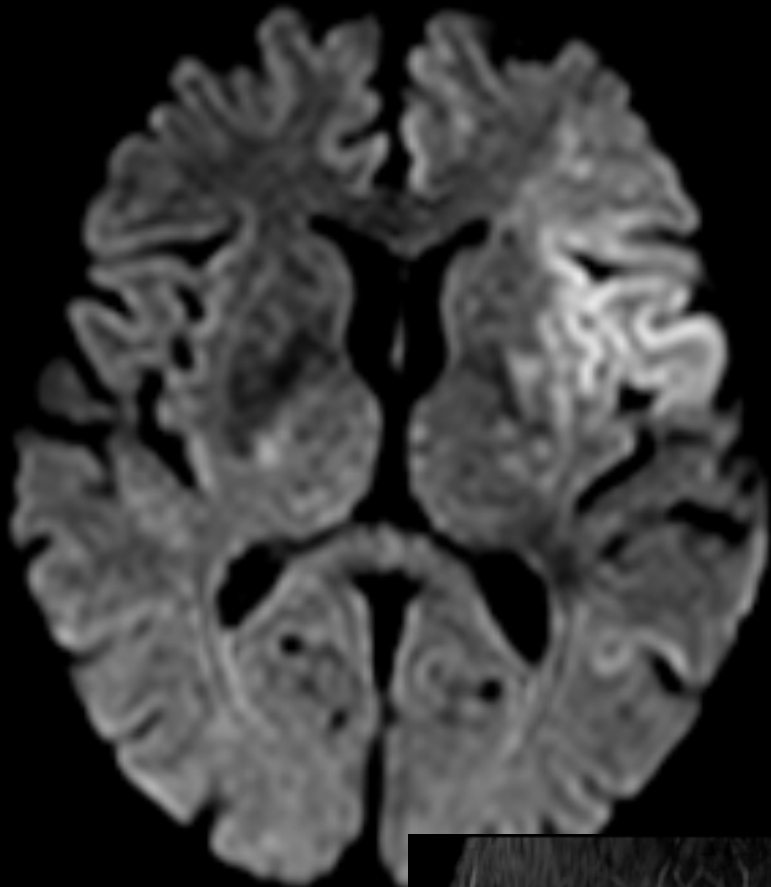
- Aspiration



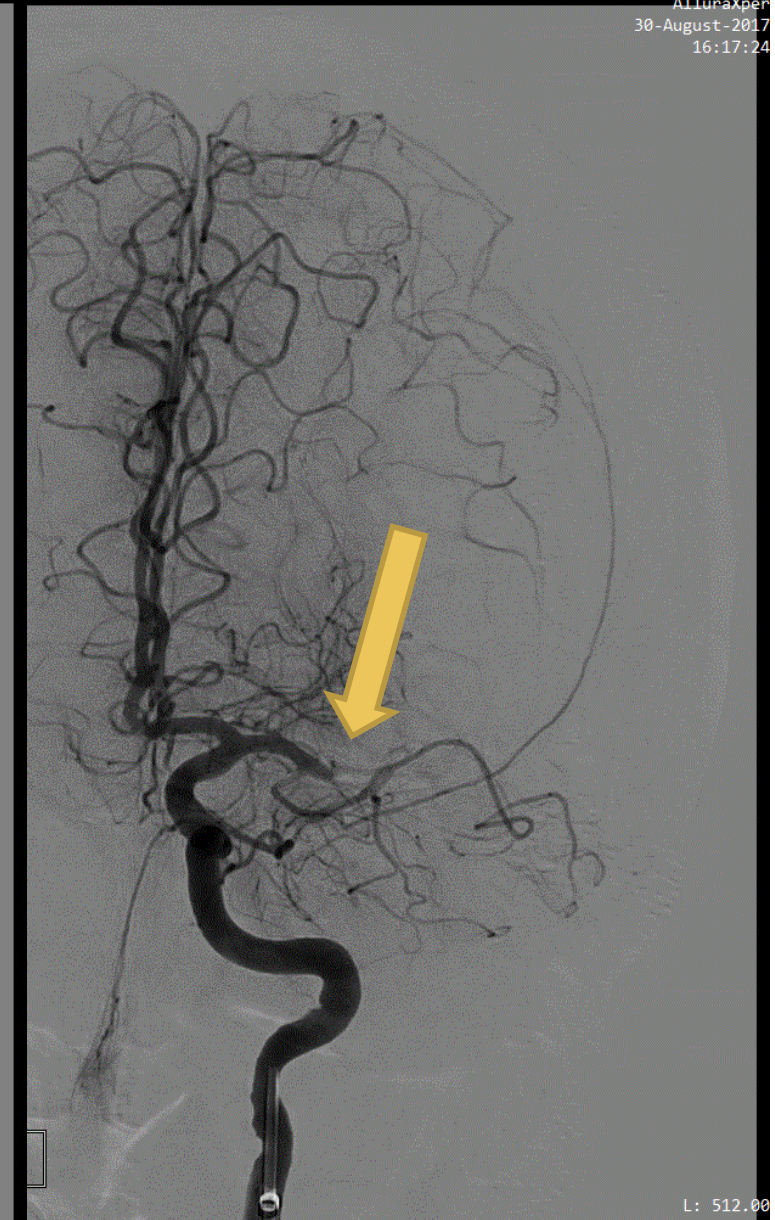
- Aspiration + stent



Stroke and vessel occlusion

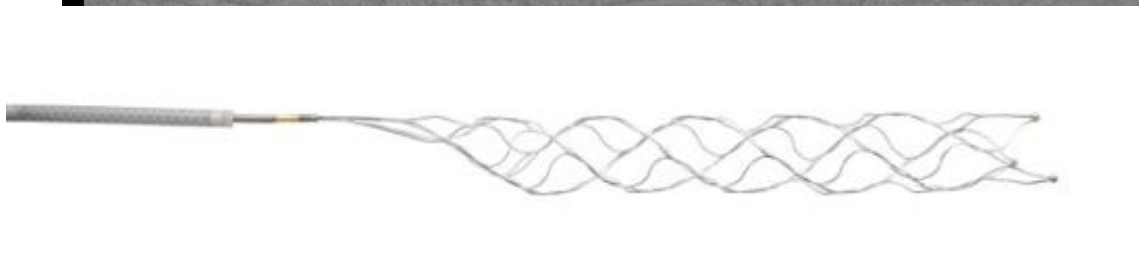
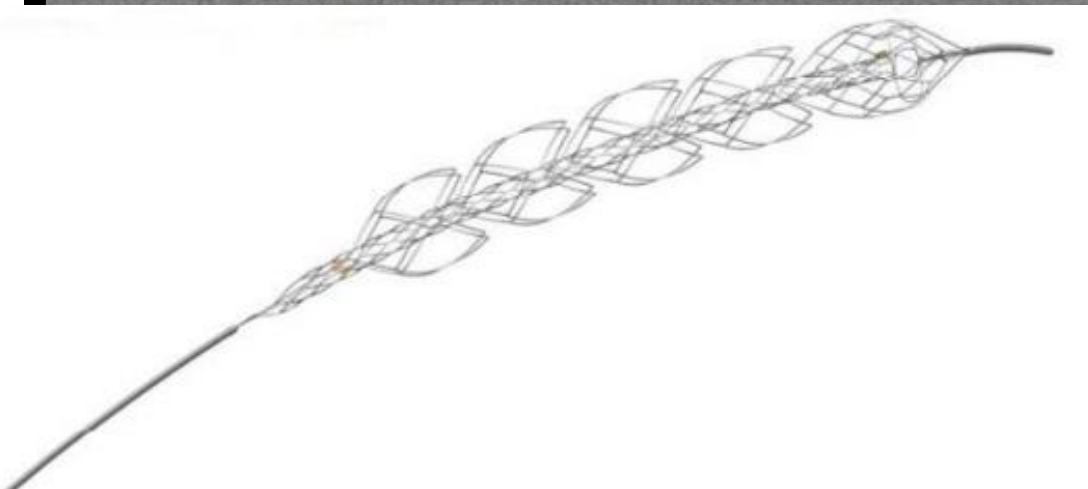


Left MCA M₁ occlusion



Carotide Interne Gauche

Stent retriever



Recanalization

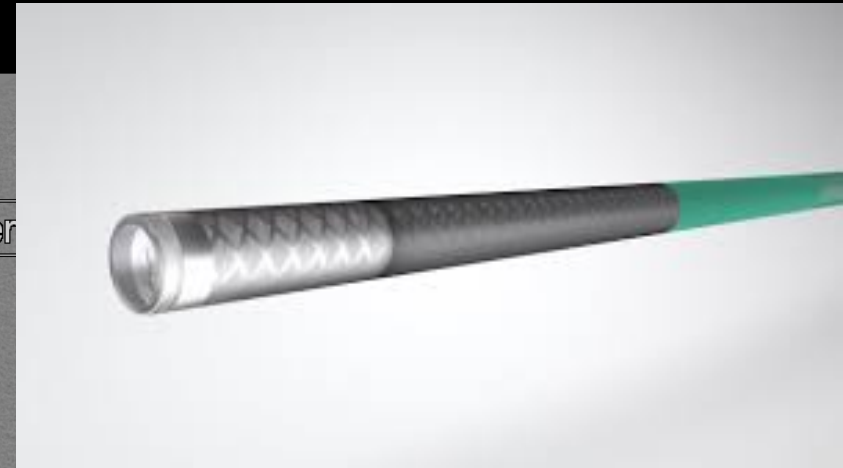
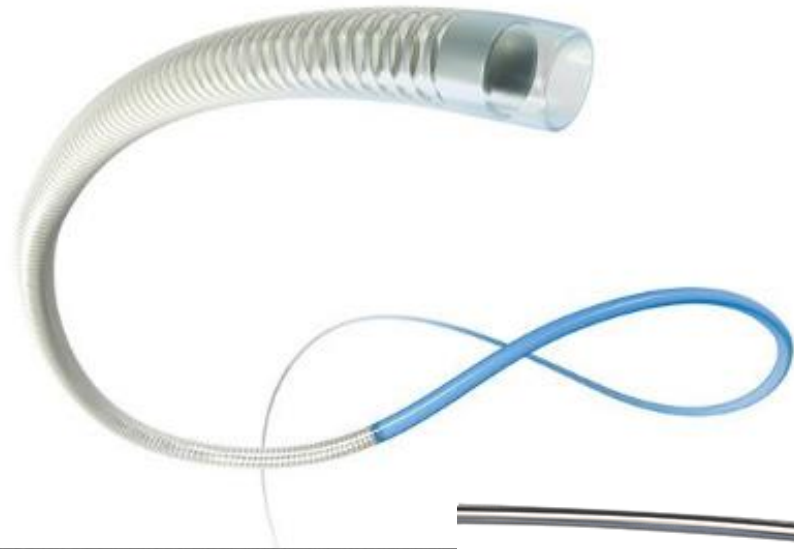


Carotide Interne Gauche

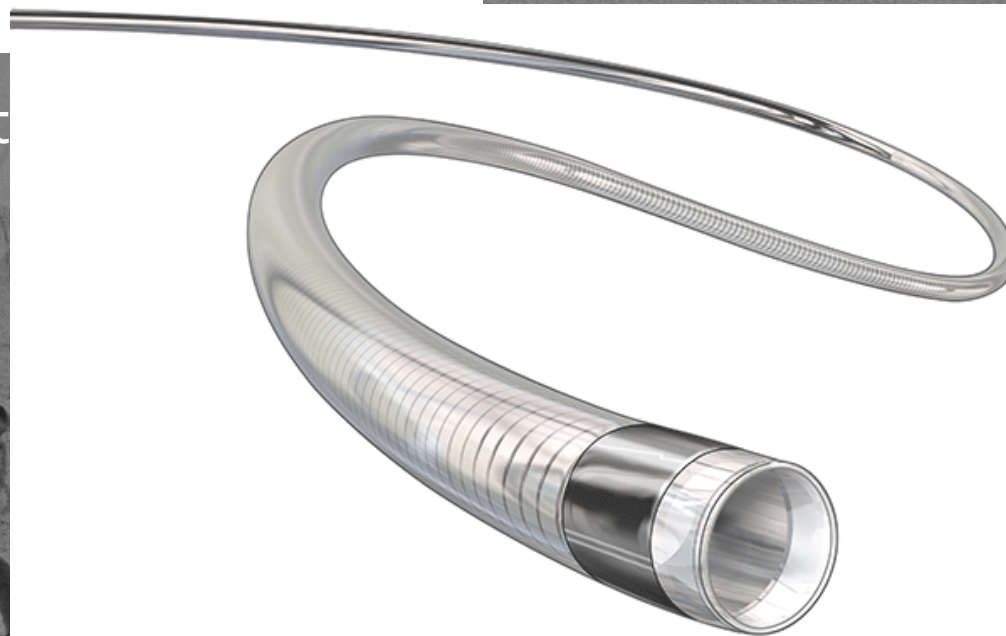
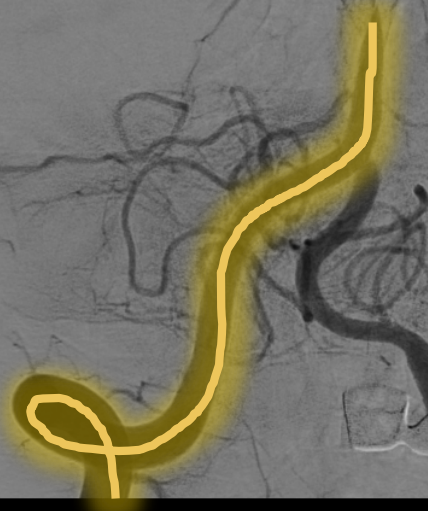


e

Basilar artery occlusion



Aspiration cat



Recanalization

Vertebrale Droite



Vertebrale Droite



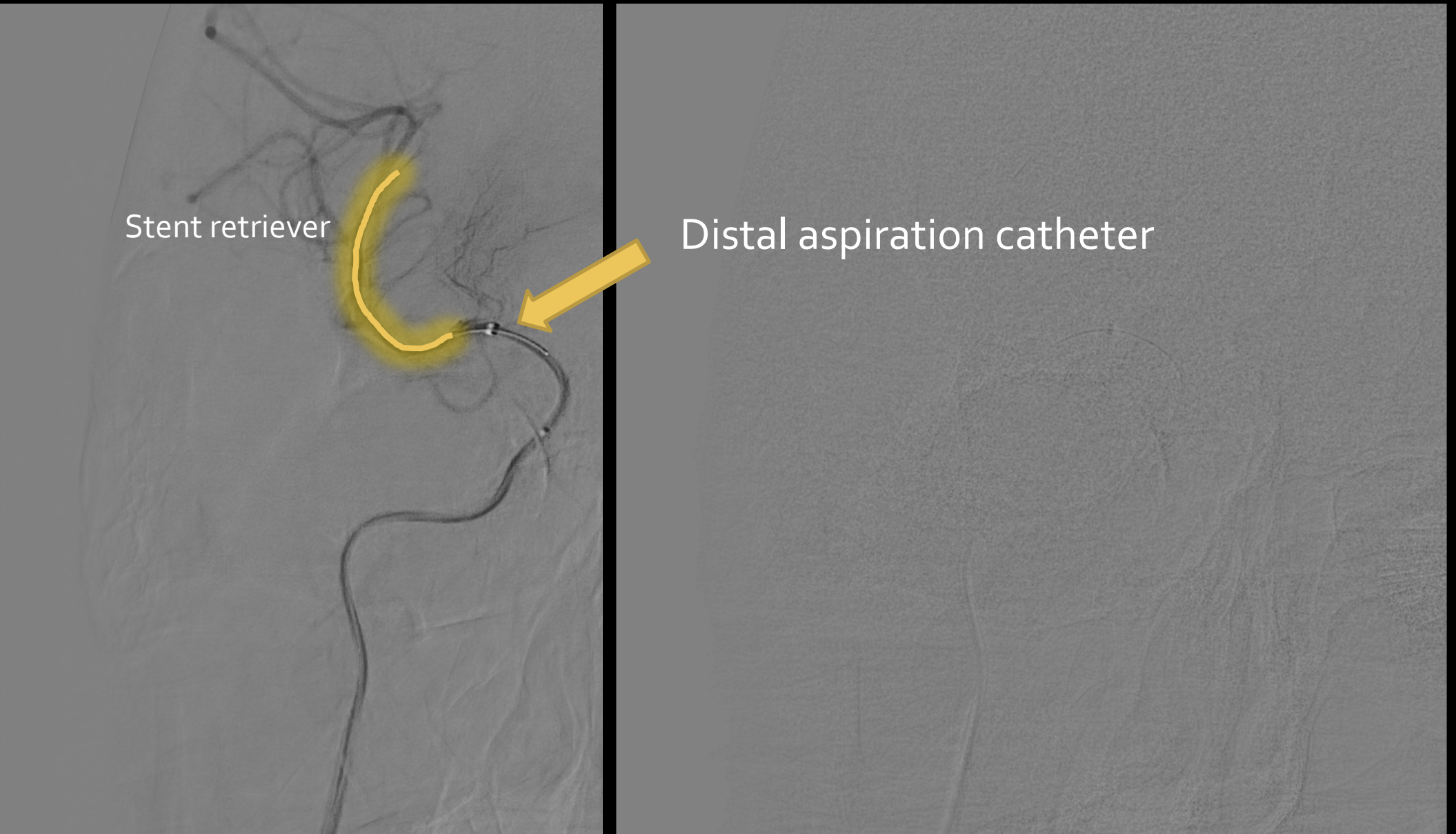
Right MCA M₁ occlusion



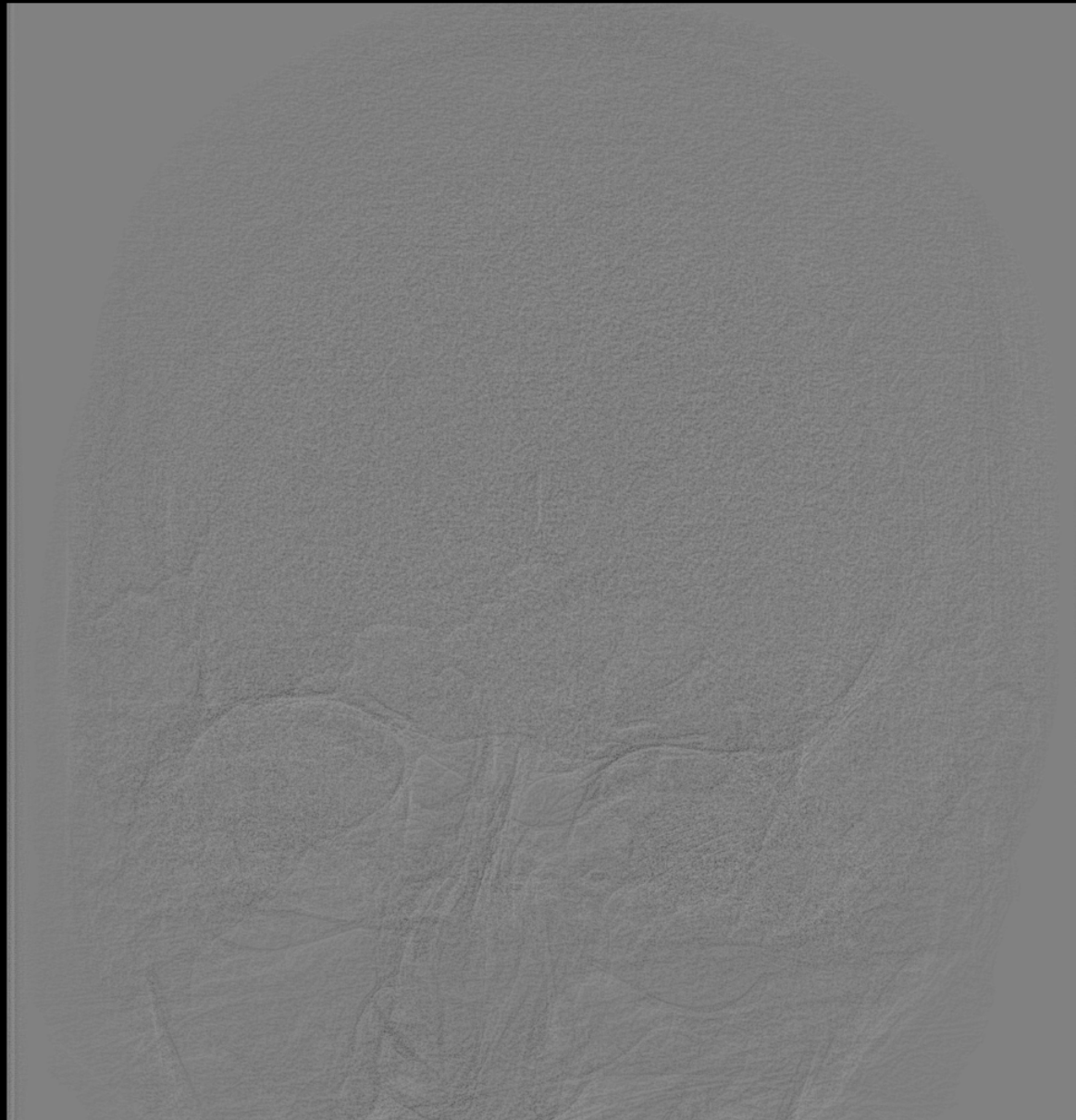
Stent retriever and aspiration

Stent retriever

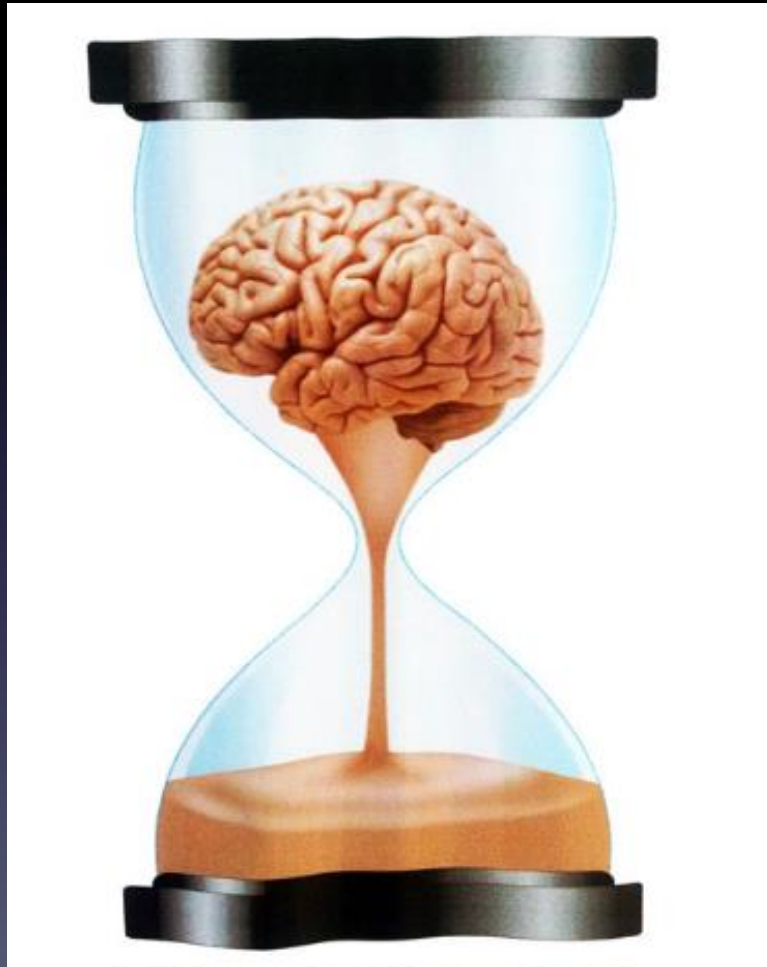
Distal aspiration catheter



Recanalization



Treat?



where ?

Time is brain !

Time

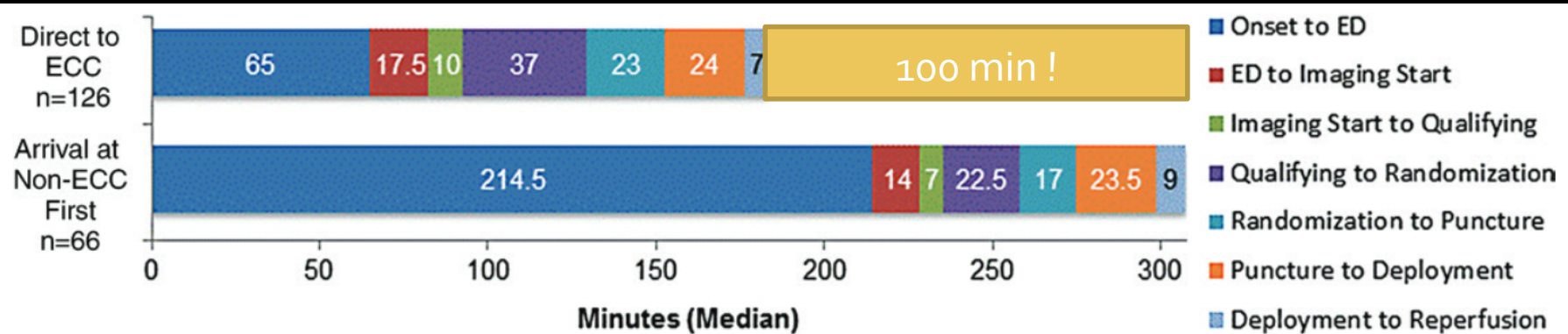
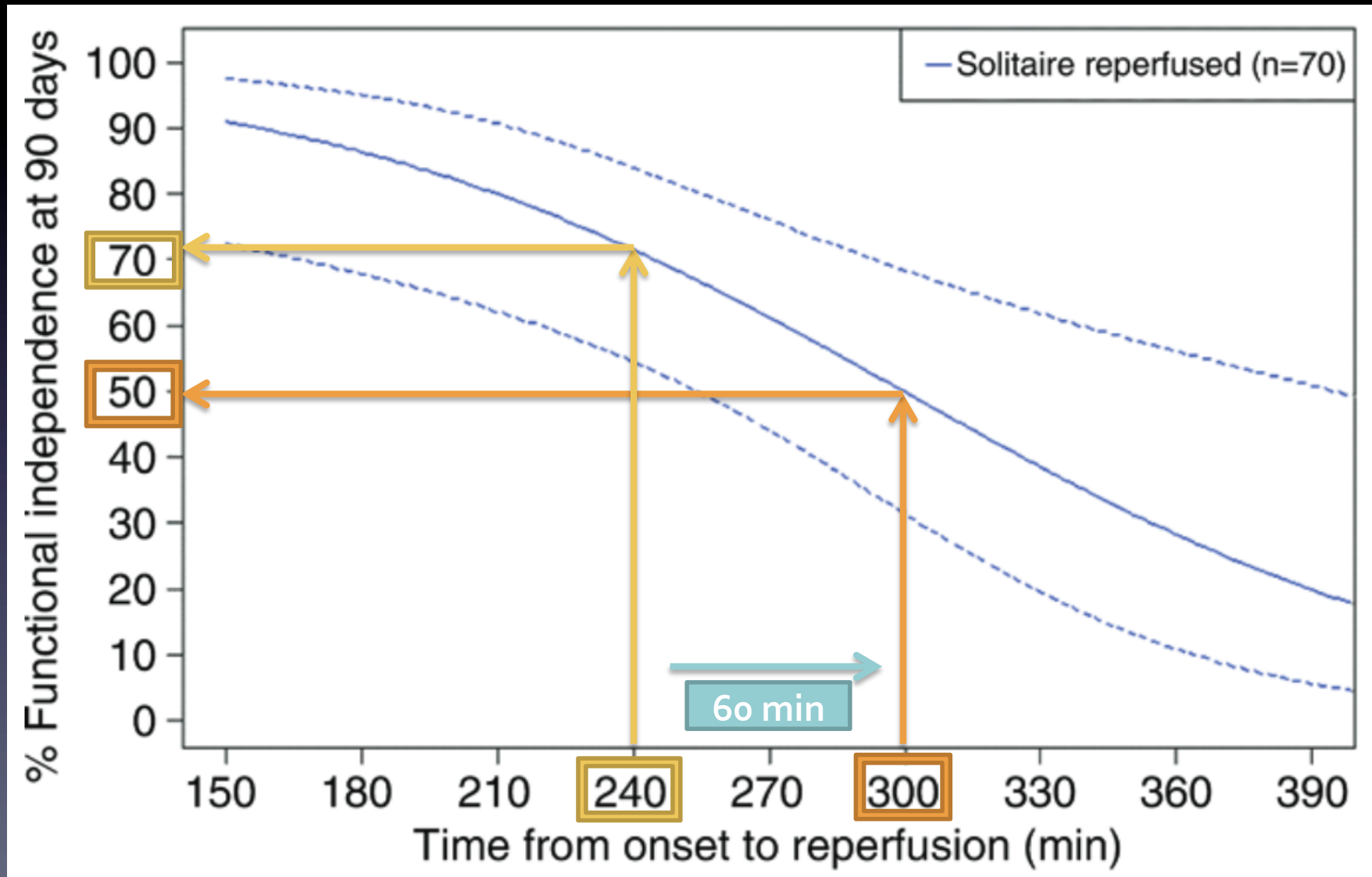


Figure 2: Graph of time intervals in patients treated within the same institution (an ECC) versus those who were transferred from another facility after receiving intravenous tPA therapy. *Deployment* = device deployment, *puncture* = groin puncture, *qualifying* = qualifying image acquisition.

275 vs 179,5 min to reperfusion

Impact of Time



Where ?

- Time is brain
- Need for a stroke ready proximity network
- To get the patient to the right center fast

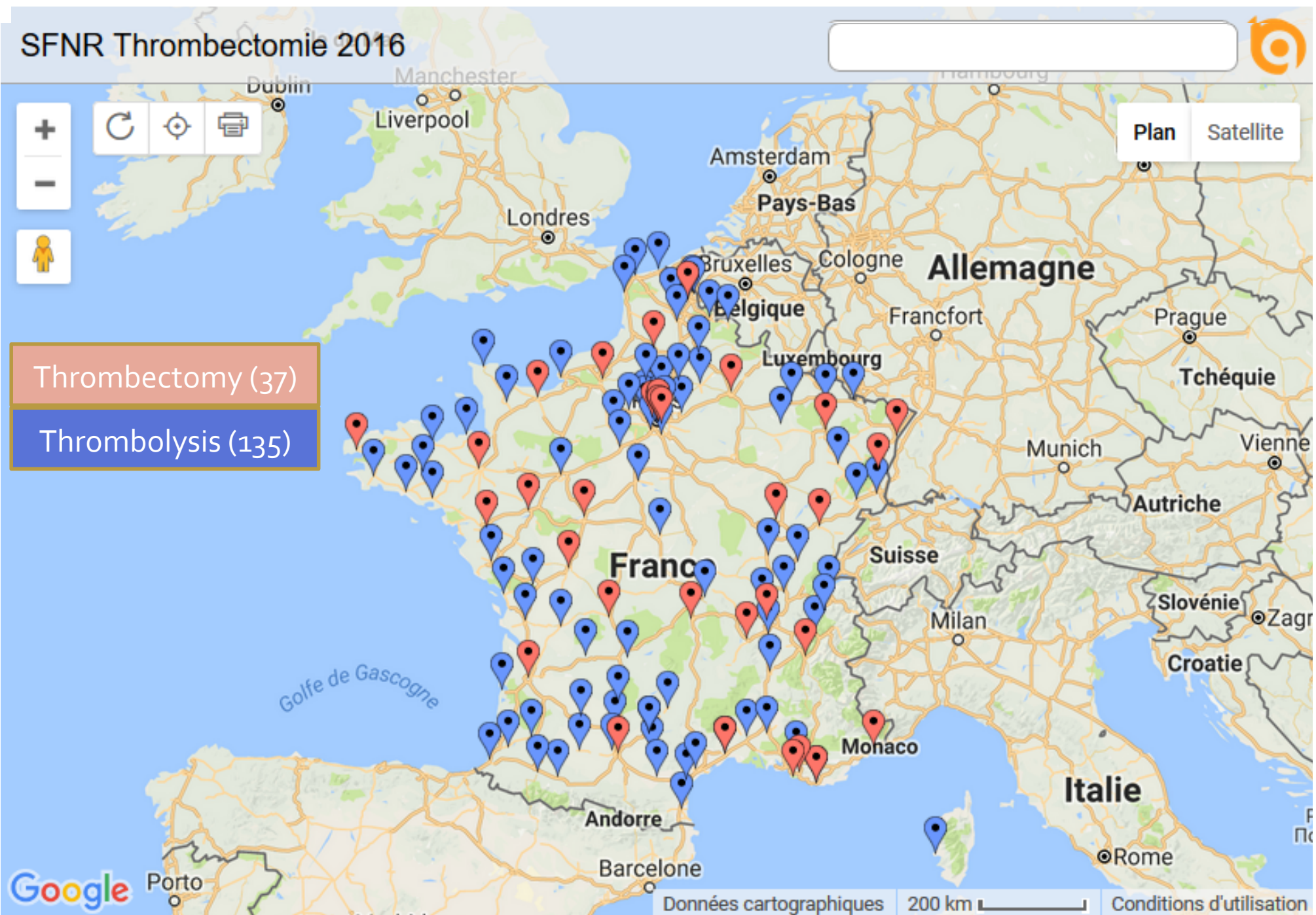
SFNR Thrombectomie 2016



Map navigation controls: zoom in (+), zoom out (-), refresh, location, print, and a person icon.

Plan Satellite

Thrombectomy (37)
Thrombolysis (135)



Porto Barcelone Andorre Monaco Milan Suisse Autriche Tchèque Vienne Prague Francfort Pays-Bas Amsterdam Cologne Belgique Luxembourg Munich Vienne Zagreb Croatie Rome Italie

Données cartographiques 200 km Conditions d'utilisation

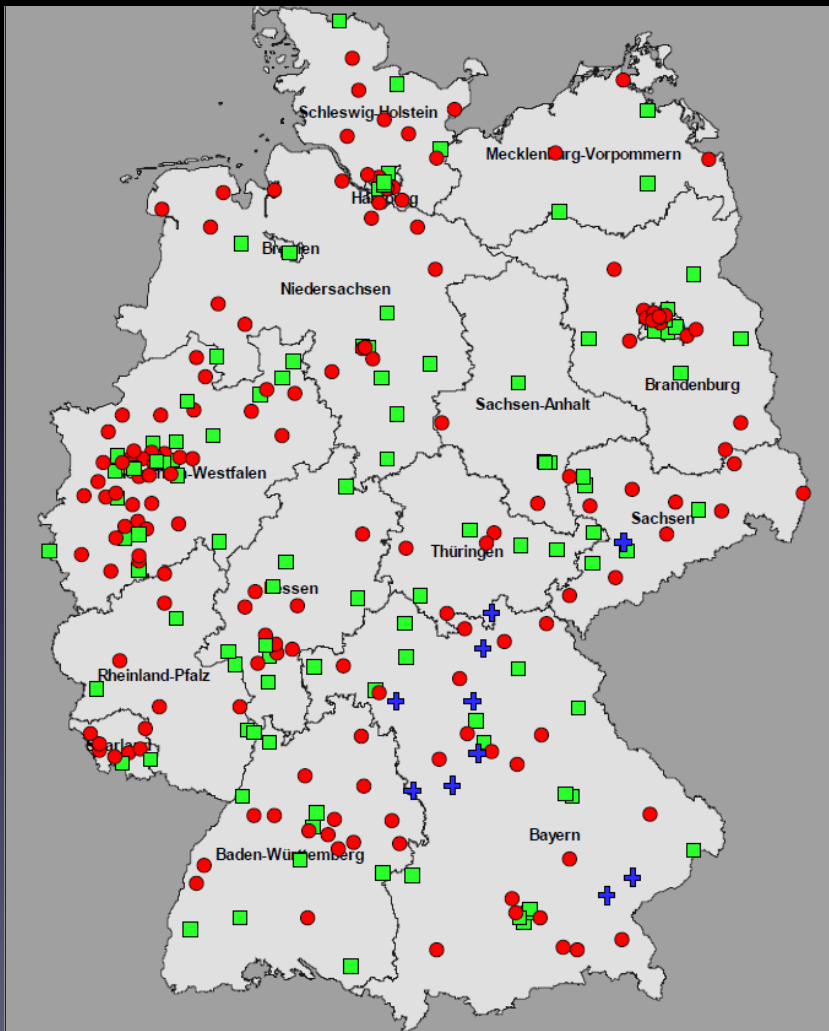
Traitement disponible ▼

Legend: TM+TV (red pin), TV (blue pin)

German Stroke Units (279)



The German stroke network



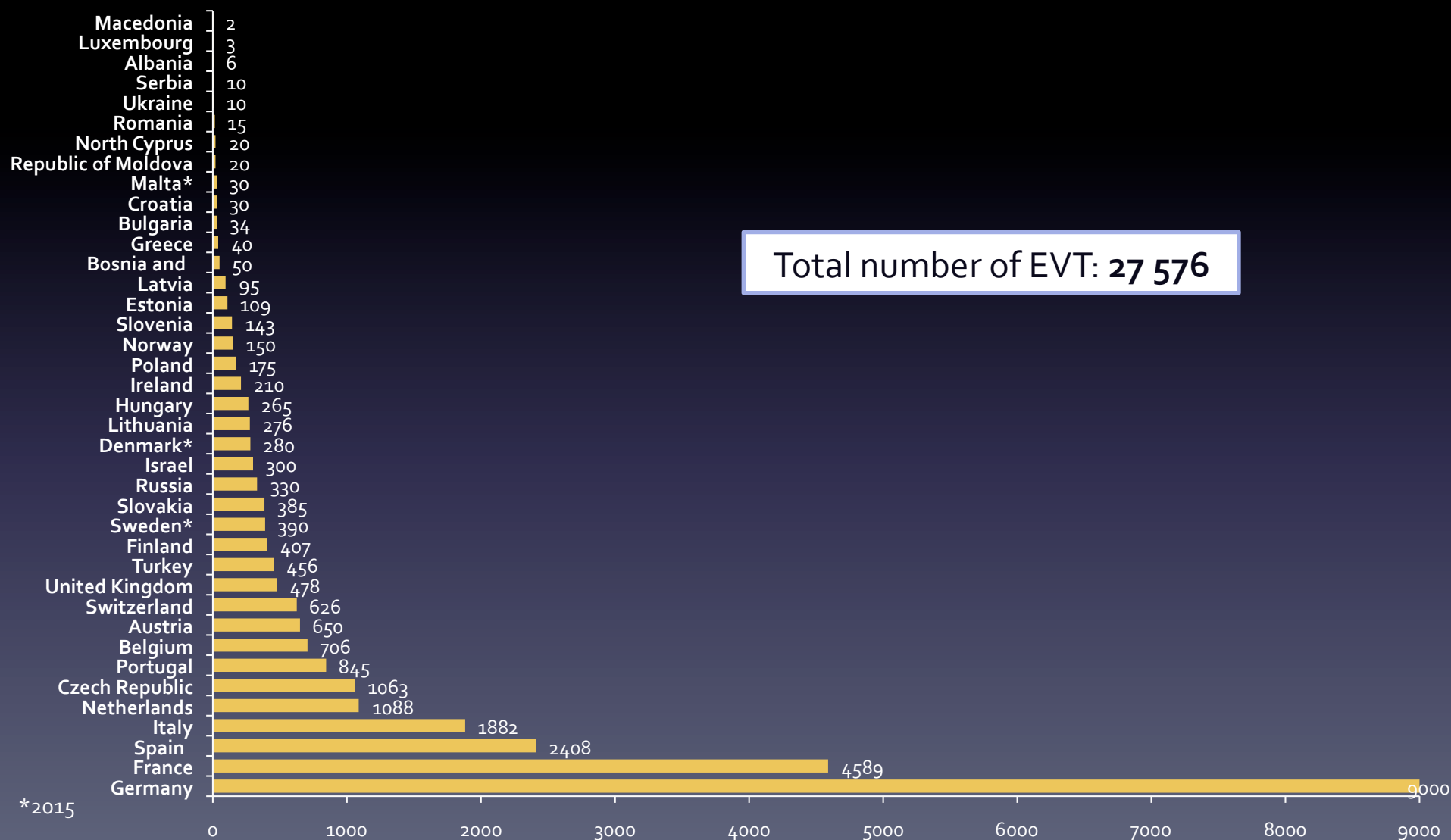
- Regionale Stroke Unit
- Überregionale Stroke Unit
- ⊕ Telemedizinisch vernetzte Stroke Unit

279 Stroke Units

- 162 regional Stroke Units (58%)
- 107 transregional Stroke Centers w/ thrombectomy (38%)
- 10 Tele-Stroke Units (4%)

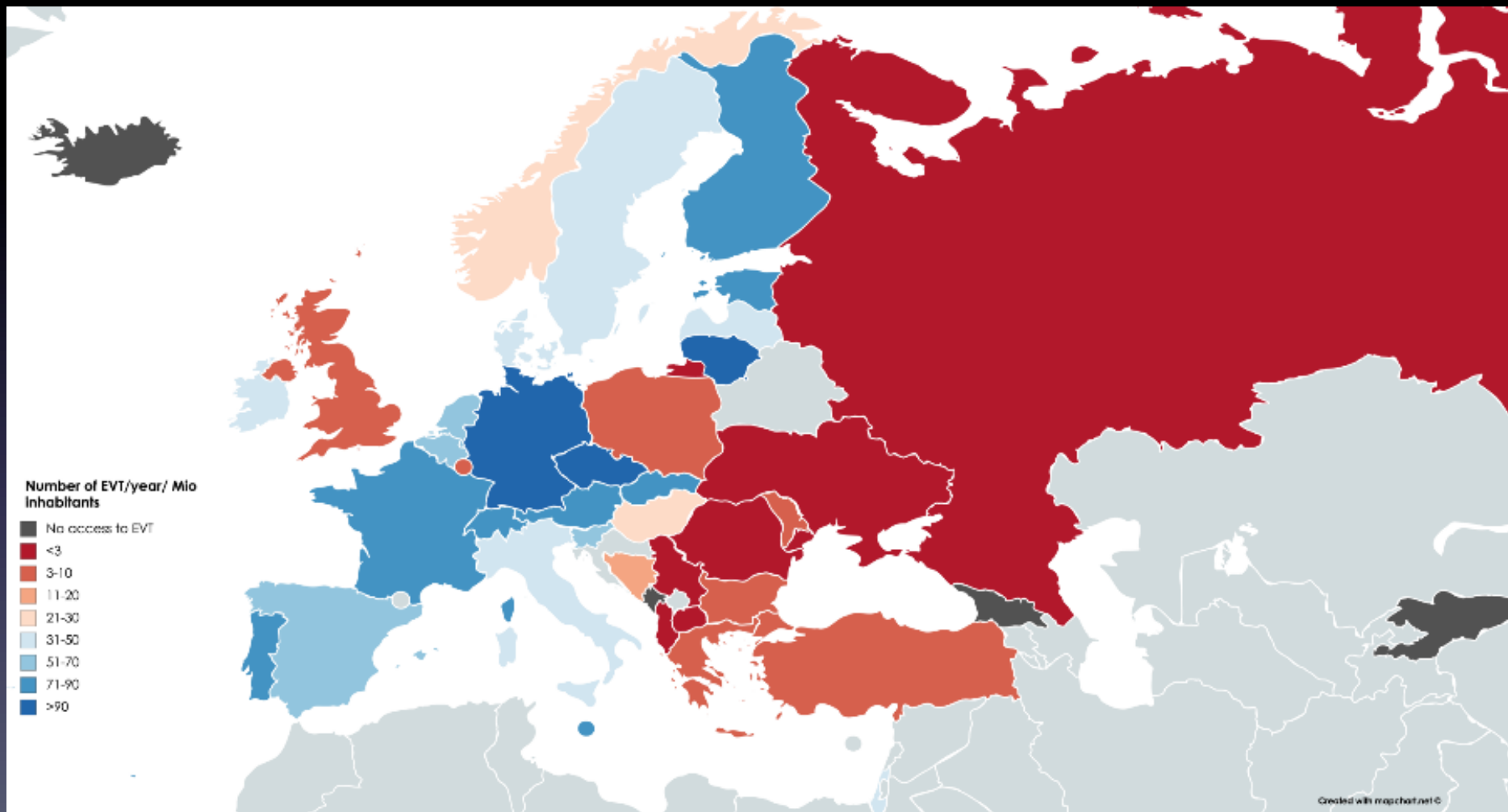
ESO ESMINT EAN SAFE survey on stroke care in Europe

Absolute number of endovascular treatments (EVT) in 2016



ESO ESMINT EAN SAFE survey on stroke care in Europe

Number of EVT per year / 1 Mio inhabitants



Estimation of thrombectomies

Ischemic strokes in 2016

Studies :	Eligibility
REVASCAT (New England 2015)	4%
Campbell (Lancet neurol.2015)	10%
Vanacker (Stroke 2016)	17%
El Tawil (Europ Stroke j 2016)	15%
Soderqvist (Karolinska Nat. Base 2013)	6%
Eligible thrombectomies	10,4%

- In 2016 in Europe, **192 614** strokes were estimated eligible to mechanical thrombectomy

Solutions

- Train more interventionalists
- Open new centers vs centralization
- Optimize the stroke network :
 - Tele-stroke
 - Pre-hospital triage
 - Fast transportation

SFNR Thrombectomie 2016

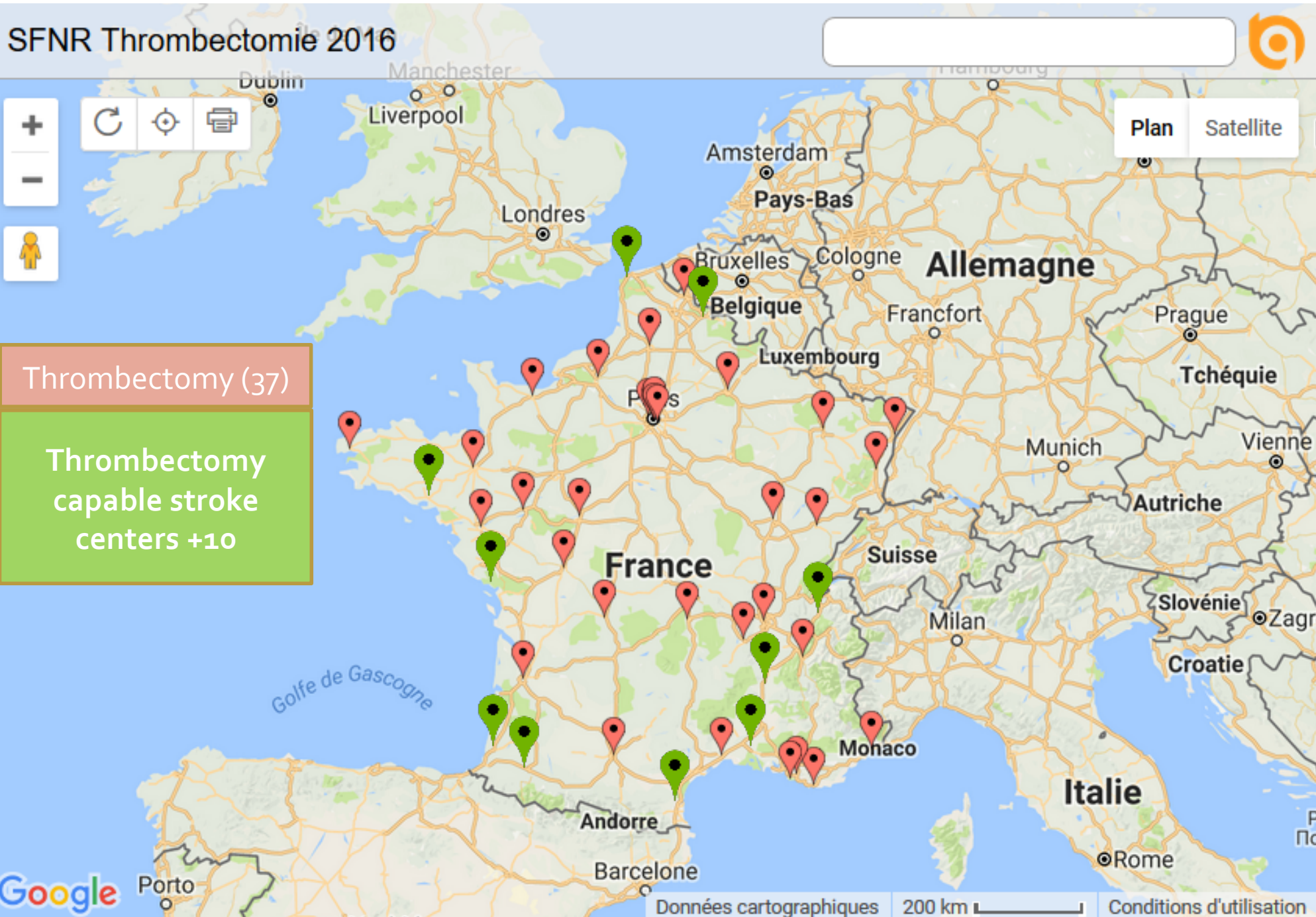


Map navigation controls: zoom in (+), zoom out (-), refresh, location, print, and a person icon.

Map style selection: Plan (selected) and Satellite.

Thrombectomy (37)

Thrombectomy capable stroke centers +10



Données cartographiques 200 km Conditions d'utilisation

Traitement disponible

TM+TIV TIV

Traitement disponibles TM+TIV

We need more interventionalists !

Neuroradio-interventionalist

- Comprehensive stroke centers
 - Mechanical thrombectomies
 - Intra cranial aneurysm
 - Cerebral arterio-venous fistulas and malformations
- Large volume of MT
- NRI + thrombectomy

We need more interventionalists !

Neuroradio-interventionalists

- Comprehensive stroke centers
 - Mechanical thrombectomies
 - Intra cranial aneurysm
 - Cerebral arterio-venous fistulas and malformations
- Large volume of MT
- NRI + thrombectomy

Radiological interventionalists

- Thrombectomy-capable stroke centers (stroke units)
- Medium volume of MT
- Need for body vascular interventionist + thrombectomy

The German Model

- DeGIR/DGNR formation :
 - Level 1 : basic interventional radiology
 - Level 2 : specialized training interventional radio.
 - With A – F modules representing different fields

The German Model

Table I. DeGIR/DGNR certification including number of procedures.

Curriculum	Indication area	Number of procedures for level 2
DeGIR/DGNR	Vascular recanalization and reconstruction (non-neurovascular) (aorta, peripheral, haemodialysis shunts) (Module A)	150
	Vascular embolization procedures (Module B)	100
	Miscellaneous procedures including vascular foreign body removal, TIPSS, venous access (Module C)	100
	Minimally invasive tumour therapy including tumour embolization, chemoembolization and SIRT (Module D)	100
	Neurovascular revascularization including carotid and stroke (Module E)	100 (including at least 30 extracranial and at least 30 intracranial procedures)
	Neurovascular embolization (aneurysms, malformations, AV fistula) (Module F)	100 (including at least 50 intracranial procedures)

One true solution



ECR 2018
DIVERSE
& **UNITED**

February 28 - March 4
Vienna



Thank you !

